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MPH 103 T

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Roll No. of candidate

2022

M. Pharm. 1st Semester End-Term Examination

Pharmaceutics

MODERN PHARMACEUTICS

(New Regulation (w.e.f. 2017 - 18))

Full Marks - 75

Time - Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following questions:

 $(20 \times 1 = 20)$

- (i) Which of the following is called Pre-marketing Validation?
 - (a) Prospective Validation
 - (b) Retrospective Validation
 - (c) Concurrent Validation
 - (d) Revalidation
- (ii) In Tablet Compression Stress is equal to:
 - (a) Force/Area
 - (b) Force/Strain
 - (c) Area/Force
 - (d) None of the above

(iii)		is a series of test	that	measure the performance capability of				
	the equipment							
	(a) Installation Qualification							
	(b)) Design Qualification						
	(c)	Performance Qualification						
	(d)							
(iv)	The first mathematical equation that describes drug release from matrix system							
	(a)	Higuchi model						
	(b)	Hixon Crowell model						
	(c)	Korsmeyer Peppas model						
	(d)	Zero Order model						
(v)	A linear relationship between relative porosity of a powder and the applied pressure is known as							
	(a)	Heckel Plot	(b)	Force displacement curve				
	(c)	Compaction Profile	(d)	None of the above				
(vi)	According to BCS classification Class II drugs are having							
	(a)	(a) High Solubility and High Permeability						
	(b)	Low Solubility and High Permeability						
	(c)	1 G 1 1 11 Down a hility						
	(d)	Low Solubility and Low Permeability						
(vii) — is an increase in the mechanical strength of material resulting from Particle/Particle Interactions.							
	(a)	Consolidation	(b)	Compression				
	(c)	Deformation	(d)	None of the above				
(vi		e following method of op-	timiz	ation is more suitable for three or more				
	(a)	Full Factorial Design	(b)	Fractional Factorial Design				
	(c)	Star Design	(d)	Central Composite design				
(ix) BET Theory of adsorption is used to determine							
	(a)	Particle Volume	(b)	Particle Shape				
	(c)	Surface Area	(d)	Particle size				
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(X)	The ICH Code QIB stands for the guideline title							
	(a) Stability of new drug substance and product							
	(b) Stability testing of new dosage form							
	(c)	Evaluation of stability data						
	(d)	None of the above						
(xi)		is the incre	ease in m	echanical strength of mater	rial resulting			
	from particle/particle interactions							
	(a)	Consolidation	(b)	Compression				
	(c)	Deformation	(d)	None of above				
(xii)	ii) Which is of the following isn't a mechanism of Tablet Compression							
	(a)	Fragmentation	(b)	Rearrangement				
	(c)	Chipping	(d)	Deformation				
(xiii	The	following equation h	olds for Fo	orce Distribution during com	paction			
	(a)	$F_A = F_L + F_D$	(b)	$F_A = F_L F_D$				
	(c)	$F_A=F_L/F_D$	(d)	None of above				
(xiv)	v) Which of the following theories is not relevant to bonding of particles during tablet compaction							
	(a)	Mechanical Theory						
	(b)	Intermolecular The	ory					
	(c)	Liquid surface film	theory					
	(d)	BET Theory						
(xv)	Type — Dissolution Apparatus is used for maintaining Sink Condition							
	(a)	I	(b)	III				
	(c)	IV	(d)	V				
(xvi	(xvi) Ostwald Ripening is observed in — type of dosage forms.							
	경험 회에 대한 경우 아니라 마다 하는 것이 되었다. 그는 경우 아이들은 아이들은 아이들은 사람들은 것이 되었다.							
Ans	aswer any SEVEN from the following: $(7 \times 5 = 35)$							
(a)								
(b)	What is consolidation? Discuss the various consolidation parameters.							
(c)								
					[Turn over			
	(xii) (xiii) (xiii) (xiv) (xvi (xvi (xvi (xxi (xx) Ans (a) (b) (c)	(a) (b) (c) (d) (xi) ————————————————————————————————————	(a) Stability of new dru (b) Stability testing of r (c) Evaluation of stability described in the stable of the above (xi) ————————————————————————————————————	(a) Stability of new drug substant (b) Stability testing of new dosag (c) Evaluation of stability data (d) None of the above (xi) is the increase in marked from particle/particle interactions (a) Consolidation (b) (c) Deformation (d) (xii) Which is of the following isn't a medical fragmentation (b) (c) Chipping (d) (xiii) The following equation holds for Following theories is attablet compaction (a) Fa=FL+FD (b) (c) Fa=FL/FD (d) (xiv) Which of the following theories is attablet compaction (a) Mechanical Theory (b) Intermolecular Theory (c) Liquid surface film theory (d) BET Theory (xv) Type Dissolution And Condition (a) I (b) (c) IV (d) (xvi) Ostwald Ripening is observed in (xvii)Angle of repose is determined by the condition of the meaning of "current" (xix) ANOVA stands for (xx) Define Heckel plot. Answer any SEVEN from the following: (a) Write the content of Master formula to the condition? Discuss the condition of the proof of th	(a) Stability of new drug substance and product (b) Stability testing of new dosage form (c) Evaluation of stability data (d) None of the above (xi) ————————————————————————————————————			

2.

- (d) Give a brief description of physics of tablet compression.
- (e) What are dependent and independent variables in optimization? Give the applications of Quality by Design (QbD) in Pharmaceutical Industries.
- (f) Explain what you mean by response surface methods in statistical Optimization.
- (g) Differentiate between GMP, QC and QA.
- (h) Explain in brief theory of dispersions and Pharmaceutical Dispersions.
- (i) Differentiate IQ, DQ, OQ and PQ in Pharmaceutical Validation.
- 3. Answer any two out of three: $(2 \times 10 = 20)$
 - (a) (i) What do you mean by Preformulation study? Give its importance. (3)
 - (ii) Write in detail on various aspects of preformulation studies in dosage form designs and its importance. (7)
 - (b) (i) Give the advantages of Pharmaceutical validation. Explain in details various Phases of Equipment Validation. (5)
 - (ii) Explain in details the different types of Process validation. Give the change Control Classifications. (5)
 - (c) (i) Write in details on various guidelines for Plant Layout and Services as per GMP. (5)
 - (ii) Enumerate the ten principles of GMP. (5)