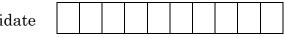
Total No. of printed pages = 3

2.60

Roll No. of candidate



2021

B.Pharm. (Practice) 2nd Year (Regular) End-Term Examination

PHARMACEUTICAL JURISPRUDENCE

 $Full\ Marks-60$

Time – Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. Answer the following MCQs :

 $(10 \times 1 = 10)$

- (i) Tests on oral polio vaccine are to be carried out at the
 - (a) National Institute of Communicable Diseases, Delhi
 - (b) Indian Pharmacopoeial Laboratory, Ghaziabad
 - (c) Central Drugs Laboratory, Kolkata
 - (d) Central Drug Research Institute, Lucknow
- (ii) Any person aggrieved by any notification issued regarding Drugs (Price Control) Order, may apply to Government within ————— days of its publication in the official Gazette:
 - (a) 10 days (b) 15 days
 - (c) 30 days (d) 6 months
- (iii) Every year the Register of State Pharmacy Council is required to print the register on
 - (a) 1st January (b) 1st March
 - (c) 1^{st} April (d) 1^{st} June
- (iv) The Essential Commodities Act came into force in
 - (a) 1945 (b) 1950
 - (c) 1955 (d) 1960
- (v) Establishment which have a qualified person and engage in compounding of drugs is
 - (a) Drug store (b) Chemists and druggists
 - (c) Pharmacy (d) Testing laboratory

[Turn over

	(vi)	If a drug is not labeled in a prescribed manner than it is known as			
		(a)	Spurious	(b)	Adulterated
		(c)	Misbranded	(d)	Genuine
	(vii)	Government opium factory is situated at			
		(a)	Ghazipur	(b)	Lucknow
		(c)	Srinagar	(d)	Kolkata
	(viii)	i) The form specified to obtain a license to sell or stock Schedule C and C1 drugs by retail is			
		(a)	20	(b)	20A
		(c)	21	(d)	21A
	(ix)	Life period of drugs is dealt in			
		(a)	Schedule Q	(b)	Schedule R
		(c)	Schedule P	(d)	Schedule T
	(x)	Drugs Consultative Committee advises			
		(a)	Central Government	(b)	DTAB
		(c)	State Government	(d)	All of the above
2.	Ans	swer any six questions $(6 \times 5 = 30)$			
	(a)	What are the classes of commodities presently listed in Essential			
		Commodities Act? Briefly describe the implications of Essential			
		Commodities Act in current business scenario. $(2.5+2.5)$			
	(b)	Define adulterated food. Enumerate the roles of different administrative			
		bodies in implementation of the Prevention of Food Adulteration Act. (2+3)			

- (c) Define infant food, infant milk substitute, container and feeding bottles. Enlist the information required to be printed on containers and labels of infant milk substitute and infant foods. (2.5+2.5)
- (d) Describe the consumer rights and consumer responsibilities as per the Consumer Protection Act.
- (e) Give the composition and responsibilities of the Committee for Experimentation on Animals.
- (f) Describe the provisions for retail prices of formulations in Drug (Price Control) Order 1995.
- (g) Define advertisement and magic remedies. Enumerate the categories of advertisements prohibited in the Drugs and Magic Remedies Act and Rules.
- (h) Distinguish between the bonded and outside bond laboratories. Give the provisions given in the Medicinal and Toilet preparations Act for Ayurvedic Preparations and Patent & Proprietary Preparations containing alcohol.

(2+3)

(2+3)

3. Answer any two questions

$(2 \times 10 = 20)$

- (a) Enlist the members required to constitute the Pharmacy Council of India (PCI). Discuss the functions of PCI with emphasis on education regulations. (4+6)
- (b) What are the duties of Government Analyst? What are the different types of licenses for sale and stocking of drugs? Enumerate the type of documents required to be maintained, storage requirements and handling of expired goods by pharmacy establishments. (3+3+4)
- (c) What are opium derivative and coca derivatives? What are the operations controlled by Central government and State Governments as per the Narcotic Drugs and Psychotropic Substances Act? Give some major offences and penalties under the Act. (2+5+3)